Certain Now That the Naval Pageant Will Surpass Anything of the Kind Ever Seen in This Country-Line Will be Seven Miles Long and Take Three Hours to Pass a Given Point-Gratifying Reports of Progress Made in Other Respects.

The Special Committee which is working on the plans for the naval parade of Friday, Sept. 29, that is to begin the official celebration in honor of Admiral Dewey's arrival, met yesterday morning and various features of the demonstration were discussed. Gen. Howard Carroll, the chairman of the committee, is confident that the parade will be the greatest event of the sort that the country has ever known. It is expected that the line of shipping will be at least seven miles long, and that it will take about three hours for it to pass a given point. The members of the committee have been assured that beside " there will be a big division of a

line. Following the Coreair, steam vacht of Commodore J. Pier of the New York Yacht Club, will come the steam yacht Erin with Sir Thomas Lipton on board. The letter which Sir Thomas wrote in acceptance of the invitation to join in the line is as follows.

is as follows.

DEAR GEN. CARROLL: It was with feelings of very great pride and pleasure that I received your letter and read of the honor which your committee proposes doing me in connection with the reception of Admiral Dewey. More particularly do I esteem this kindness seeing that I have a ways been a great admirer of your gallant Admiral, and have watched with the deepest interest his wonderful success in the great task which he undertook in Manila. It is therefore highly gratifying to me that my yacht should be granted the opportunity of taking a position, whatever it may be, in the parade, and of thus doing honor to the Admiral of whom the whole world of to-day is justify proud.

proud.

I might mention that it will also afford me great pleasure to make an electrical illumination of the Erin in the Admiral's honor on the night.
Again sesuring you of my keen appreciation of the privilege accorded to me by your committee, to whom I would ask you to kindly convey my warmest thanks. I am.
Yours faithfully.
THOMAS LIPTON.

Spinowners in Portland, Boston New Haven, New London, Bridgeport, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Albany, Baltimore, Washing ton, Philadelphia and other cities have already applied for places in the line, and the division of big steamers will be very large. Howard Gould has cabled to the committee from Europe that he will bring his steam yacht Ningara over, The Prosto, owned by F. Adolph Mollenhaur, will be used as a despatch boat for the formation of the parade.

The committee will prepare a map of the bay and the North River, showing the exact route of the parade and giving the position of the warships and the boats in the other divisions, if the list can be prepared in time. Gen. Carroll has not received a list from the Navy Department of the warships that will be assigned to the parade; but he expects to fill out that part of the programme within a few

Secretary Foster of the Plan and Scope Committee received a letter from Cold Spring, N. Y., yesterday, saying that General Butterfield, the Chairman of the committee, had worked so hard over the plans for the celebration that his physicians feared he might suffer a relapse. A meeting of the committee will. however, be held some day of this week. Secretary Foster received a letter yesterday from John A. Sonntag, proprietor of the Park Hotel, at Lenox avenue and 110th street, offering to house 150 or 200 hundred troops with their horses at his hotel free of charge for four days at the time of the celebration. Another com munication which Secretary Foster will place before the proper committee came from Harry P. Mawson of 211 West 106th street, who sugcested that messenger boys should carry in front of each organization in the land parade banners which would show their names to the

The official invitations were sent out yester terday to the members of the Cabinet and the Governors of States. One had already been sent to the President. The invitations are very plain, the only attempt at ornamentation being a seal stamped on the paper bearing the motto, "Reception of Admiral Dewey, City of New York, 1899." The form of invitation

The Mayor of the city of New York, as Chairman of the Municipal Committee appointed for the purpose, has the honor to request your presence to witness and participate in the naval parade and reception, and the military parade and review. Friday and Saturday, Reptamber 20 and 30, in honor of Admire 1 Dewey, on the occasion of his arrival at and re-ception by the city of New York. The names of the members of the Committee

on Plan and Scope appear at the end of the

At the Madison Square Garden the sculptors and modellers are making great progress with the arch that is to stand in Madison Square. All the work at the Garden will be completed in a few days. An interesting incident courred at the big workshop yesterday when Sculptor Lopez came down to view his group The East Indies," which is to occupy a a prominent position on the arch. Mr. Lope: had completed his group and summoned a number of sculptors to pass upon its merits. The other sculptors agreed that it was an excellent piece of work, but Mr. Lopez, after looking at the group, again came to the conclusion that the central figure was not well done, and without saying anything he took a hatchet modelling it anew.

The large group of "Victory" designed by J. Q. A. Ward is gradually taking definite form. The group was cut up into a dozen or more pieces for medelling and the parts are all One modeller has already worked for two days in fashioning with "staff," and other material, the leg of one of the horses in the great quadriga, and his work is not yet com-Work has just begun on the group entitled "Return," by Nichaus, and Carl Bitter's "Combat" is not far advanced.

Bay Ridge to Have It's Own Dewey Cele bration.

A movement has been started by the Citisen's Association of the Thirtieth ward of Brooklyn, which takes in Bay Ridge and For Hamilton, to have a Dewey celebration of its own. A committee of twenty-five, with Fred erick Cochen as chairman, has been appointed to erect a fluxpole 150 feet high at the Owl's Head, which is nearly opposite Tompkinsville. S. I., and a huge flag will float from it when deliniral arrives. It is also proposed to U children present at the raising of the in the evening there will be a display ts. The Owl's Head, where it is proact the flagstaff, is a commanding oking the Harbor, and a flag flying ighest point will be visible for grea

MR. SALE NOT BRILLING MANHATTAN He Says It Isn't His Policy to Dispose o

Standard Investment Holdings. Russell Sage, when asked yesterday regarding a renewed Wall street rumor that the control of the Manhattan Elevated Railway Company had passed to the Metropolitan Street

Railway Company, replied: "It may be stated as an absolute falsehood that I have sold my holdings in Manhattan. I now have several thousand shares in privileges outstanding. I would certainly not be foolish enough to sell these unless I had the stock to deliver. It may safely be said that it is not my policy to sell standard investment holdings, and that I have held more securities for a longer period than any individual person in New York. Should I sell my Manhattan holdings I would find considerable difficulty in replacing them to advantage."

The Celtie Arrives at Manila

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.- The refrigerating ship Celtic arrived at Manila to-day with a sargo of beef for the American fleet and military force in the Philippines.

FEDERAL STEEL ORDER MODIFIED. The Company Will Be Permitted to Pa

Dividends on Its Preferred Stock. Judge Edward B. Thomas, of the United States Circuit Court, yesterday signed an order modifying the injunction in case of Frederick F. Marquand vs. the Federal Steel Company. permitting the defendant corporation to pay dividends on its preferred stock. The order

'In the above action it has been determined that the statute requires that dividen is must be paid during the month of January succeeding the end of the fireal year, 'unless some specific day or days for that purpose her dixed in its charter or by-laws, and in that case. ()

on the days so fixed,' &c. The charter provides that the dividend upon the common stock shall be declared 'after the close of any fiscal year.' This provision controls the power of the directors to amend the by-laws fixing specific days for the declaration of dividends on the common stock. But nothing stands in the way of the exercise of such power as regards the preferred stock. It appears that the by-laws of the Federal Steel Company have been amended legally so as to provide specific days for the declara tion of dividends upon the preferred stock. This is a full compliance with the opinion of the Court, and should result in a modification of the injunction, so as to permit the payment of dividends on the preferred stock."

So far as the common stock is concerned this order does not affect the injunction, which stands, and no dividend in that class of stock can be declared legally until the end of the fiscal year, in January. There is nothing in the order, however, that would appear to prevent the company from setting aside from out of its surplus any of the profits to provide for the payment of dividends on the common

The directors will hold a meeting on Tuesday of this week, when it is understood that the dividend on the preferred stock will be de-

CURRENCY GETS SCARCER YET.

Demands of Trade Send Bank Surplus

A. Vanderlip, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, who has been at Pittsfield, Mass., to inspect the Government paper mill there. reached this city yesterday and visited the Sub-Treasury and the Assay Office, where he looked into the new civil service rules that have gone into effect there. The Treasury Department, he said, had no plas to offer at present for relieving the local tightness of money, but the department understood the needs of a great financial centre like New York and, he had no doubt, would come to the relief of the New York bankers if necessary. His visit here, he said, had nothing to do with the money situation. The weekly bank statement, made public yesterday, showed the heavy loss in cash of \$10,571,000. Of this loss \$3,-530,300 was of legal tender, reflecting shipments of currency to the interior. The loans showed a decrease of \$6,016,700 and deposits a loss of \$15,354,700. The aurplus reserve holdings of the banks decreased \$6,732,325, and they are now but \$2,458,925 in excess of the legal requirements. This is the lowest point that the aurplus reserves have touched since Sept. 2, 1893. At that time the lowfigures reflected distress in the financial world, a very different situation from the present one, when the reserves have been reduced as a result of the immense volume of interior trade.

HELD FOR SPINGOLO'S MURDER. Bootblack's Brother and Another Man Sus

pected of Killing Him for Bis Money. Two men were held yesterday by Coroner Bausch on auspicion of having murdered Baptisto Spingolo, the Italian fruit-dealer and bootblack who was killed and robbed on Fri day morning at 88 Stanton street. They are both bootblacks, Guiseppe Spingolo, 35 years old, of 114 Ludlow street, the dead man's brother, and Guiseppe Def.unza, 32 years old, of 114 Stanton street. The men were arraigned before the Coroner with Felipe Aneata, 14 years old, of 88 Stanton street, the boy who worked for Spingolo, and who found his body. Coroner Zucca acted as interpreter.

The tor has told several conflicting stories. To Coroner Zucca he said yesterday that he generally slept in the basement of 88 Stanton street with Spingolo, but that on Thursday night DeLunza sent him away telling him where he might walk to find some lead pipe and sine out of which he could make money. shirt belonging to the dead man's brother. It has some stains on it which the police say are bloodstains. The brother declares that they are stains made by russet leather polish. The stains will be analyzed.

The two men were sent to the Tombs pending the inquest and the boy was turned over to the Gerry Society to be detained as a witness.

GOLD MINE SHARRS OFFERED. Stratton's Independence Placed American Market.

Mesars. A. A. Housman & Co. of 20 Broad street offer for public subscription 100,000 shares of Stratton's Independence Mine at \$12.50 per share. The subscription lists will be closed on Sept. 15. Twenty per cent. of each subscription must accompany the application, the balance to be paid on or before Sept. 25.

The shares are issued for the Venture Cor. poration, Limited, of London, The property s capitalized at £1,100,000, divided into £1 shares, of which 100,000 shares are placed in the treasury for further working capital if

the treasury for further working capital if needed.

By an arrangement with W. B. Stratton at the time of the acquirement of the entire capital of the company, 100,000 of these shares were to be issued in the United States and the remainder in Europe.

The prospectus states that the mine comprises fourteen contiguous claims in Cripple Creek, Col., covering about 110 acres, and that Mr. Rickard, the State Geologist, of Colorado, after an exhaustive examination, reports that the ore reserves developed by the present workings amount to 70,000 tons of an average gold value of 44 ounces per ton, and a gross value of \$6.712,000. Only about 25 per cent of the property of the company has been exploited by the underground workings, and Mr. Rickard gives his opinion that fully \$8,000,000 will be extracted out of the ground thus developed.

A dividend of two shillings per share has

ground thus developed.

A dividend of two shillings per share has been declared out of the profits of the workings of the mine for the period ending July 31. Subscribers will be entitled to the benefit of the dividend. Subscribers will be entitled to the beneat of the dividend.

At the price of \$12.50 per share, at which the shares are offered for subscription, this quar-terly dividend of two shillings per share would amount to about 16 per cent. per annum on

the subscription price.

POLICE ASK FOR \$11,000,000

Want a Patrol Signal System-Estimates Likely to Foot Up \$100,000,000. The budget for the Police Department for next year was submitted to the Board of Estimate yesterday by President York. It calls for year. No additional policemen are asked for The establishment of a patrol signal system

in this borough is auggested. Its cost is estimated at \$145,000. Judging from the department budgets al-ready submitted, the amounts asked for for next year will exceed \$100,000,000. budget for this year was \$93,000,000, of which \$7,000,000 was to cover a deficit which accumulated in 1898, and Mayor Van Wyck and

Comptroller Coler have both said that next year's budget will be less than that amount. Most of the advances over this year's figures so far asked for by the departments are caused by increased salary lists. Comptroller Coler is understood to have been investigating the "easy jobs," and he is expected to submit a report on the subject when the Board of Esti-mate takes up the subject of the city budget

mate takes up the subject of the try banges
next month.

he Board of Education's budget is as usual,
the largest item in the city expenses. More
than \$16,000,000 is asked for for next year,
which is considerably more than the satimate
forthis year. The increase ladue largely to the
increase in salaries called for by special legislation which was approved by Mayor Van Wyck
before its passage at Aloany.

WAKEMAN EXONERATED

MOST OF THE CHARGES AGAINST RIM NOT WELL FOUNDED.

Is Suggested That He Sever Bis Connection With the Protective Tariff League -- Removal of Appraiser Sherwood Is Recommended by Secretary Gage.

WARHINGTON, Sept. 9. After fully considering the report of the committee appointed to investigate the administration of the New York Appraiser's Office, the President and Secretary of the Treasury have sustained Appraiser Withur F. Wakeman, and most of the charges against him are shown to have been not well founded. It is decided, however, to grant the petition made by certain New York importers that he resign from his office as Secretary of the Protective Tariff League, the investigating committee believing that the Appraiser's whole time is needed in the discharge of his duty to the Government. The letter addressed by Secretary Gage to President McKinley on the subject and approved by the

President follows:
"I have the honor to submit herewith a brief synopsis of the report of the commission avpointed to examine into certain complaints and charges against the Appraiser of Customs in New York, which has been completed and filed in this department. The report approves the Appraiser as an honest and capable officer, possessed of courage and zealous in the enforcement of the law. It however finds:

"I. That in the complaints concerning the embroideries cases there was good ground for the allegations of discrimination, and that the charges made were fairly sustained.

"2. It finds that the charge of undue delays in appraisement was justified by the facts brought out. "3. It finds that in certain cases the effort of

the Appraiser to ascertain values of goods in the markets from whence they were imported by taking prices in the United States as a basis of valuation was not conformable to the statutes, since, in the opinion of the commission, the foreign market value of goods so treated was ascertainable.

"4. The charges made by certain importers of tobacco the commission finds that the importers had, in the cases complained of, just cause of complaint, in that the goods were injured-in instances destroyed-by careless handling and that, in the opinion of the comtoo many of such goods have been ordered into the public stores for examina-

"It finds that the complaints of certain importers of nursery stock were justified, in that exceptions were delayed and the goods imported suffered more or less injury therefrom. "It finds that Assistant Appraiser Sherwood was guilty of showing involces of certain merchants to their rival importers, and recommends his removal. It distinctly exonerates

the Appraiser. "The commission reports, as part of its findings concerning the Appraiser's office, that, it cannot reasonably be expected that the head of the office will keep informed of all the detail involved in the ascertainment of dutiable values, and in the advisory classification as to rates. In rare instances are invoices submitted to him, except when advanced in value. No appraiser can altogether escape criticism if his duties be performed in strict conformity with Treasury laws and rules; and upon points about which the best legal minds differ, controvorsy and criticism are likely to result.

"As to the Appraiser himself: He is in the prime of life, and enjoys perfect health. He is able, energetic and has been liberally edu-There is a condition of affairs in some divisions of the Appraiser's stores which might easily induce the conclusion that the present Appraiser does not possess good executive ability. Possibly the fact that each division is to some extent independent, by reason of the system under which assistant appraisers are appointed, should have weight in passing judgment. We have said that the Appraiser is energetic. We should also add that, in our judgment, his fondness for introducing new systems has sometimes been indulged without carefully considering expense and the benefits to be derived.

"In the opinion of the commission his connection with the Tariff League is not prejudicial to his official duties. Without deciding that question, the report concludes: 'It is certain that the man who discharges the duties of Appraiser at the Port of New York, if successful in such degree as will merit general commendation, will have little time to devote to affairs other than those related to that high

"The Appraiser, to whom the report of the commission has been shown, traverses the same at some length. He denies that any intentional discriminations have taken place. but admits that inconsistencies in valuations may have occurred. Satisfied of gross and sweeping undervaluations in lace embroideries, it was not easy to locate the abuse or determine precisely the extent of it. He claims that through the action takenby him undervaluations in these goods have been largely corrected to the benefit of the revenue

and to the advantage of honest importers. "He admits vexatious delays in appraising goods, but pleads that these were beyond any one's control in some cases, and against his explicit orders in other cases. He submits a table showing delays in delivering goods to the public stores, occasioned largely by violent storms, such delays ranging from four to forty-five days. Against the third finding of the commission that his method of ascertaining values in certain cases was not conformable to the laws and rules, he makes a plea of legal justification, the time, conditions and eireumstances considered.

"And thus, with many words of explanation or denial, he seeks to rebut or modify the conclusions of the commission, so far as these con clusions are unfavorable to his official record. do not think it necessary to trouble you with the many particulars. The report of the commission goes to show that the Appraiser is an honest, capable, energetic and zealous officer. It would appear, however, that in cer-tain matters, which were the subject of investigation, he failed to show the qualities of prudence, tact and discretion that were to be desired. It is not impossible that the troubles and complaints, which appear to be due (so fa as they are justified) to the failure on his part to exercise these commendable qualities, will operate to beget greater prudence and care in future administration. Certain it is that the positive qualities with which he is accredited by the commission, and which he well itlustrated in his general administration ar most necessary in the Appraiser of a great port of entry like New York.

"I do not hesitate to recommend that he be ontinued in his honorable office, and I agree with the commission's report in thinking it desirable that he separate himself from official relation to the Tariff League, and I am confident that a suggestion to this effect will be kindly received and acted upon by him. I concur also with the commission in the opinion that Assistant Appraiser Sherwood should be removed. In fact, a request from the Appraiser for the removal of Sherwood as examiner was filed in this office prior to the appointment of the commission. Respectfully yours "L. J. GAGE, Secretary."

Appraiser Wakeman was at the Treasury Department when the official announcement was given out. He presented to the President. subsequent to the decision of the Administration not to remove him from office, a bound volume of duplicate petitions signed by importers earnestly commending his conduct in office and urging that he be retained. The patition contained about 1,500 names, representing twenty-nine states, and a capitalization of about three billions of dollars. Seven hundred leading importers of New York, represent-

Many of them added personal endorsements. one of which was as follows:
"We should regard it as a calamity to lose the efficient service of Mr. Wakeman's

ing every line of mercantile trade, wore signers.

ORDER FOR TWO NEGRO REGIMENTS.

All Field Officers Selected From the Regu Army-Line Officers Are Negroes. WASHINGTON, Sept. 9 .- An order for the organization of two negro regiments of volun

teers was issued by the War Department this afternoon, and the officers selected were an-nounced. All the field officers, Colonels, Lieutenant-Colonels and Majors, are from the regular army, and all were in the Santiago cam paign except Col. Duvail. All the Captains First Lieutenants and Second Lieutenants are colored men

The regiments will be designated as the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Regiments of of the island. Gen. Davis says: Infantry, United States Volunteers. The Forty-eighth Regiment will be organized as Fert Thomas, Ky., and the Forty-ninth at Jefferson

Barracks, Mo. The appointments are as follows:

To be Colonel of the Forty-eighth Regiment, William P. Duvall, Captein First Artillery; to be Lieutenant-Colonel, Thaddeus W. Jones Captain Tenth Cavalry: to be Majors; Sedgwick Rice, First Lieutenant Seventh Cavalry; Alexander L. Dade, First Lieutenant Third lavalry and John Howard, First Lieutenant Nineteenth Infantry.

To be Captains: - John Buck, First Sergean Troop B., Tenth Cavalry; Thomas Campbell, late First Lieutenant, Company L., Seventh United States Volunteers; Wm. H. Brown Sergeant-Major Ninth Cavalry; Carter P Johnson, Tenth Cavalry; Thomas Grant, late First Lieutenant, Company F., Tenth United States Volunteers; Robert R. Rudd, late Captain Company A., Ninth Battalion Ohio Volunteers; James E. Hamlin, late Captain Third North Carolina Volunteers Pleasant Webb, late Captain Sixth Virginia Volunteers; Wm. A. Hankins, late Captain Sixth Virginia Volunteers; Leon W. Denison late Captain Co. K. Eighth Illinois Volunteers Stephen Starr, late Second Lieutenant Ninth United States Volunteer Infantry: Alexander Richardson, late First Lieutenant Ninth United States Volunteer Infantry.

To be First Lieutenants-I. M. Smith, First

Sergeant Troop M. Tenth Cavalry: Peter McCown, First Sergeant Troop E. Tenth Cavalry: Wm. H. Allen, Sergeant Co. A. Ninth Cavalry; John H. Anderson, Squadron Sergeant-Major Ninth Cavalry: Charles O. Thoma, Inte Lieutenant Eighth United States Volunteer Infantry: Jerry M. White, late First Lieutenant Twentythird Kansas; James F. Powell, late Second Lieutenant Indiana Volunteers; H. B. Brown First Lieutenant Third North Carolina H. J. Parker, late First Sergeant Tenth United States Volunteer Infantry: Jacob C. Smith late Second Lieutenant Ninth United States Volunteer Infantry: John W. Brown, late Sec. ond Lieutenant Ninth United States Volunteer Infantry; Charles C. Caldwell, late First Lieuenant Co. B. Ninth Battalion Ohio Volunteers To be Second Lieutenants-Walter Green First Sergeant Co. K. Tenth Cavalry; C. B. Turner, Commissary Sergeant Tenth Cavalry Joseph Moore, First Lieutenant Co. B Eighth Eighth United States Volunteer Infantry: J. B Coleman, late First Lieutenant Co. E Seventh United States Volunteer Infantry: Lincoln Washington, Sergeant Major Ninth Cavalry David B. Jeffers, late Second Lieutenant Tenth United States Volunteer Infantry: Wilson Balard, late Second Lieutenant Ninth Battalion Ohio Volunteers; Joseph C. Andrews, Private, Co. I. Sixth Massachusetts Volunteers; Frank R. Chisholm, late Private Co. L. Sixth Massachusetts Volunteers: John K. Rice, late First Lieutenant Sixth Virginia Volunteers: George W. Taylor, non-commissioned officer Third North Carolina Volunteers; Green F. Marion,

late Sergeant Third Alabama Volunteers. To be Colonel Forty-ninth Regiment William H. Beek, Captain Tenth Cavalry; to he Lieutenant Colonel, Arthur C. Ducat, Captain Twenty-fourth Infantry: to be Majors. Ernest Hinds, First Lieutenant Second Artil George W. Kirkman, Captain Twentythird Infantry, and James E. Brett, Captali

Iwenty-fourth Infantry. To be Captains .- William B. Edwards, Serreant Company A. Tenth Cavalry : Charles W Jefferson, First Sergeant, Company B, Ninth Cavairy; Floyd H. Crumbly, late First Lieuenant, Company A. Tenth United States Volunteer Infantry; Edward L. Baker, late First Lieutenant Company B, Tenth United States Volunteer Infantry: John O. Proctor, late First Lieutenant Eighth United States Volunteer Infantry; Emanuel D. Bass, late First Lieutenant Company D. Ninth Battalion Ohio Volunteers; W. M. Hawkins, late Captain Twenty-third Kansas Volunteers; Benjamin Graves, late Captain Sixth Virginia Volunteers; William R. Staff, Sergeant-Major Twenty Second Lieutenant Eighth United States Volunteer Infantry; Robert G. Wood, late Second Lieutenant Ninth United States Volunteer Robert Gage, late Captain Third

Alabama Volunteers. To be First Lieutenants,-Charles Perry First Sergeant Troop L. Tenth Cavalry L. H. Jordan, First Lieutenant Company K. eventh United States Volunteer Infantry Charles S. Spurlock, Sergeant Company E. Tenth Cavalry; Ebert W. Maden, Sergeant Company E. Ninth Cavalry; Charles H. Robinson, First Lieutenant Sixth Virginia Volunteers: James H. Thomas late First Lieutenant Indiana Volunteers. David J. Gilmer, late Captain Third North Carolina Volunteers; Robert Blakeman, late First Sergeant Company H. Eighth Illinois Volsunteers; Hamilton H. Blunt, late First Lieutenant Ninth United States Volunteer Infantry: Thomas C. Butler, late Second leutenant Ninth United States Volunteer Infantry: Macon Russell, late Second Lieutenant Eighth United States Volunteer Infantry: late Quartermaster Sergeant L. A. Tillman, Seventh United States Volunteer

To be Second Lieutenants-A. M. Ray, Sergeant, Company F. Tenth Cavalry; Robert L. Gough, Company D. Twenty-fourth Infantry Wyatt Huffman, late Second Lieutenant, Eighth United States Volunteer Infantry Beverly Peace, late First Lieutenant, Seventh United States Volunteer Infantry; Henry F Walls, Commissary Sergeant, Ninth Cavalry Wm. Blaney, late Second Lieutenant, Tentl United States Volunteer Infantry; Horace F. Wheaton, Private, Company L. Sixth Massachusetts Volunteers; Frederick C. Wilson Private, Company I., Sixth Massachu-setts Volunteers; George E. Payne, Second Licutenant, Twent third Kansas; Leander W. Hayes, late Sergeant, Third North Carolina Volunteers : Gilford E. Campbell, late Sergeant, Eighth Illinois Volunteers; Edward B. John son, Tenth Cavalry.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.-These army orders were issued to to-day:

Washington, Sept. 9.—These army orders were issued to to-day:
Lieut. Col. Theodore J. Wint, Sixth Cavalry, relieved as acting Impostor General, Department of Dahota and to Join his regiment.

First Lieut, Ora E. Hunt, Eighteenth Infantry, from Los Angeles to San Francisco.

Capt. Frank C. Artand, Assistant Surgeon Forty-fith Infantry, from New York city to Fort Snelling.

Priet Lieut. Patrick J. McKenna, Assistant Surgeon Thirty-fourth infantry, honorably discharged.

Lieut. Col. William P. Davall, Twenty-sixth Infantry, to Fort Thomas.

Second Lieut. William James, Thirty-second infantry, honorably discharged.

Major Frankin A. Meacham, Singeon, from New York to San Francisco.

These assignments are made: Lieut. Col. Philip Reade, Inspector-General, as Inspector General Department of Davada, St. Paul; Major William H. H. Crowell, Sixth Infantry, as acting Inspector General, Department of Texas. San Antonis: Major George S. Grimes, Second Artillery, as acting Inspector-General, Inspector-General, relieved: Capt. Frederich S. Folit. Second Cavalry, as Acting Inspector-General, Department of Maxans, vice Lieut Col. Philip Roade. Inspecting General, relieved: Capt. Frederich S. Folit. Second Cavalry, as Acting Inspector-General, Department of Maxans, vice Major Joseph H. H. Durst, Second Cavalry, relieved: S. Schuyler, Forty sixth Infantry, Capt. David Concer, New Haven, and Second Lieut. Hunty J. S. Schuyler, Forty sixth Infantry, Capt. David Concer, New Haven, and Second Lieut. Hunty J. B. McKegin, New York city. First Lieut. Jos. L. Bell, Assistant Surgeon, is assigned to the Thirty-fourth Infantry.

Major Charles B. Thompson, Quartermaster, from Washington to San Antonio, as Chief Quartermaster, Department of Casa. Feliving Capt. Robert R. Bievens, Assistant Quartermaster, erdered to San Francisco.

Francisco. Major John T. Enight, Quartermaster, to San

AUTONOMY IN PORTO RICO.

N. DAFIR'S PLANS FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE ISLAND. He Sava the Military Government Will Ultimately be Merged Into the Terriforial

Form-Municipal Home Rule to be Established as Soon as the People Demonstrate Their Capacity to Govern Themselves. WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.-The War Department has received from Porto Rico a copy of a circular proclamation, issued Aug. 15, by Gen. George W. Davis, the Military Governor, in which he outlines his plans for the government

"It is due to the people of Porto Rico that the commanding general, who also exercises the functions of Military Governor, should make public announcement of the general features of the policy he is pursuing and intends to pursue touching the affairs of government in this island.

"While an arbitrary government over any territory included within the United States is not contemplated by the American constitution and laws, under those laws it is impossible to supply any other form of governmental control than the military over territory conquered by the armies of the Union, until Congress shall by suitable enactment determine and fix a form of civil government for such conquered territory. It is the unanimous recommendation of the ten members of two advisory boards on governmental reforms—composed exclusively of distinguished citizens of Porto Ricothat as regards the present organization of the civil branch of the military government the system existing ought to be radically changed n some respects. The changes that have already been made, and those now intended. will supply for the island a form of government. as respects its superior branches, that will ultinately be merged into the territorial form, as heretofore applied in the United States to those portions of the national domain that are in the transition stage or one preparatory to full statehood and membership in the National

"The territorial government, when organzed by Congress, may be expected to consist of a Governor, a Legislature, a Judiciary, a ecretary of State, an Attorney-General, a Treasurer, an Auditor, a Bureau of Public Vorks, a Bureau of Agriculture, a Board of Prisons, a Board of Health, a Board of Charlties, and a few minor branches.

"The Judiciary may be expected to consist of a Supreme Court, District or Circuit Courts and Primary or Probate Courts, there being a Circuit Court for each Judicial District.

"The political divisions in the island would. following United States practice, be counties or provinces and towns or municipalities. The evernment proper would consist of three coequal though independent branches, viz: The executive, the legislative and the judicial. All administrative officers and heads of boards and bureaus would report direct to the gov-

"As Congress has as yet taken no measures or etion respecting Porto Rico the supreme Government is, under the constitution, vested in the President of the United States as commander-in-Chief of the army and navy. He has designated a general officer to represent him and to perform the functions of lvil government. Every step taken by the commanding general in changing the existing rder of things has for its ultimate, and, indeed, its primary object, the adaptation of the aws and administration to suit the change that is, complete territorial autonomy

"The effect of the orders issued and the changes resulting therefrom tends directly to harmonizing the existing system and that to come with territorial autonomy when ordered by Congress. Then the military governor will give place to a civil governor, the solici-tor general to an attorney general, the judicial board will disappear and the courts will be supreme in their respective spheres. The ovisional United States court

be replaced by a court created by Federal legislation. The governor will have a legislature-senate and house of representatives-to regulate his actions, to make laws for the people and to control expendi-tures. The treasurer, auditor and various bureau chiefs, all reporting directly to the governor, and indirectly to the legislature, will continue. But another change is necessary to carry forward the transformation and adapt it to the system which all thinking men expect and desire. Complete autonomy for municipalities is very greatly to be desired and is intended to be instituted as rapidly as possible. the governments of the towns to be as indeendent as they are in the United States, but at present a bad economic state exists in many municipalities. All the towns need assistance to extricate them from their difficulties, and for this help their appeals are very numerous.

"A very considerable portion of the sopulation calls for the institution of changes that may confer self-government and full autonomy. It is believed that the course being pursued will lead directly to that end by the most expeditious means possible. When the muniipalities or towns shall have demonstrated their capacity and ability to govern themselves. as do all orderly and law-abiding communities, the first and most important advance toward insular autonomy will have been taken. It is the wish and intention of the Military Governor to rapidly furnish an opportunity, through carefully and honestly regulated elections, for the municipalities to govern themselves, and he promises to all towns absolute freedom from superior restraint as soon as their governments are carried on in accordance

principles of law, equity and absolute justice. "The files in the office of the Commanding General are now full of complaints alleging lishonest, corrupt and unlawful municipal administration in many towns. Investiga tions made by impartial officers have unfortunately justified the complaints in many cases. The law-abiding people of Porto Rico cannot expect or wish that the military government should cease and the towns be left in the chaos that some of them were, and, it is

eared, still continues "A general plan for municipal elections has been resolved upon, by means of which eduated men and business interests of the island may have expression. This has been explained to the accredited leader of each of the political parties, and both these gentlemen have as sured me of their hearty approval and support of the proposal to hold municipal elections he manner indicated. If all their adherents will act according to the dictates of justice and equity, there will soon be installed in all towns nunicipal governments really representing the will of the people.'

Naval Station.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9. - Rear Admiral Watson at Manila has telegraphed to the Navy Department the following changes in the personnel of the Asiatic station:

Paymaster J. S. Phillips, from the Charleston to the Solace: Chief Engineer J. H. Perry, from the Oregon to the Solace; Passed Assistant Paymaster Z. W. Reynolds, from the Monterey the Charleston : Lieutenant-Commander F H. Eldridge, from the Monterey to the Oregon Assistant Paymaster Samuel Bryan, from the Solace to the Monterey; Naval Cadet E. W. Me-Intyre, from the Glacier to the Monadnock; Paymaster's Clerks R. J. Little, from the Mon terey to the Charleston, F. M. Phillips from the Charleston to the Solace, John F. Flynn from the Solace to the Cavite Naval Station, and George Hudson from the Solace to the Monterey, All officers transferred to the Solace are on their way home on that vessel.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9 .- These naval orders have been issued:

Passed Assistant Surgeon E. S. Bogari, from the Marine recruiting rendezvous. New York, to wait orders for sea duty; Surgeon M. H. Crawford, from the Marine recruiting rendezvous, Chicago, to Marine recruiting rendezvous, New York: Passed Assistant Surgeon M. S. M. Moore, from the Vermont to the Marine recruiting rendezvous, Chicago; Assistant Surgeon M. S. Elliott, from the Marine recruiting rendezvous, New York, to the Vermont; Assistant Surgeon W. M. Gaston, from the Franklin to the Washington Navy yard.

TO MOVE ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE. A Proposition to Bring the Institution to

New York Under Consideration. A proposition is under advisement which ontemplates the removal of St. Stephene's College from Annandale, Dutchess County, N. Y., to this city, if a suitable site can be secured. A committee consisting of the Rev. Dr. Joseph Carey, of Saratoga, and Messrs. Spencer Trask, S. Nicholson Kane, Theodore Gibbs and Charles F. Hoffman of the Board of Trustees, has in hand the selection of a site here. college was chartered in 1880 as a seminary for the education of young men for the Protestant Episcopal ministry. It was founded as diocesan institution and is still responsible to the Diocese of New York, the Bishop of New York, by virtue of his office, being the visitor. Although the institution is intended for such students as contemplate going into the Episcopal ministry, it is in no sense a school of theology, and particular atress was placed by its founders on the fact that it should present no rivalry to the General Theological Semin-

ary, but, on the other hand, should be a preparatory school for that institution In its last report to the Diocesan Convention in 1898, the college shows a membership, in its four classes, of about sixty. Its property in Annandale, consisting of fifteen acres of laud and several college buildings, including a handsome library building presented by the late Rev. Dr. Charles F. Hoffman of this city together with their contents, are said to be valued at about \$300,000. If the purpose hose who favor the removal of the college here shall prevail, the property will be sold and the proceeds will be devoted to the purchase of a site in this city. It has been proposed to place the college on Cathedral Heights, perhaps on a part of the ground belonging to the cathedral of St. John the Divine.

The question of the future of St. Stephen's. with relation to its possible removal, will come up for discussion before the next Diocesan Convention, in the Church of the Incarnation at the end of this month. It is almost certain that the proposition for removal will be bitterly opposed. The pulpits of the churches in the diocese are filled with graduates from St Stephen's, and many of them are said to hold to the belief that their alma mater will be bettor off where she is than in the metropolis.

THE RIGHTS OF AUTOMOBILES.

tochester Man Who Paid Damages to Horse Owner Seeks Informatio The great increase in the number of automobiles has made the question of their legal rights one of vital interest to all who use the streets. A case was recently decided in Rochster, N. Y., in which the owner of an automobile, Jonathan B. West, was ordered to pay damages amounting to \$53.40 to Mason Brothers, laundrymen, because of injuries to the complainants' horse and delivery wagon. caused by the horse taking fright at the automobile. Mr. West was not satisfied with the verdict and appealed to the County Court. Meanwhile he has inserted the following advertisement in a trade paper devoted to automobiles:

A subscriber would like all the information he can get on damage suits in which the motor vehicle is alleged as the offending cause. He has been sued ost his case, appealed, and wants all the assistance he can get from other users of motors who have been similarly annoyed. The editor will be glad to hear from any one who can throw light on this mat

Mr. West thinks it will be strange if this ap peal does not strike a responsive chord in the hearts of all true auto-enthusiasts. His own statement of the facts is as follows:

"I came near a delivery wagon left standing at the curb," he says. "I saw the horse prick up his ears, and turned my vehicle to the opposite curb and stopped still, and of course then made no noise whatever. After about ten or fifteen seconds the horse concluded to have some fun and started toward my vehicle, passed t and soon afterward collided with a hydrant.

Furthermore, Mr. West alleges that he had perfect right to be where he was, that he showed proper caution in stopping fully three rods from the horse, and that the horse had run away on two previous occasions bleyele, Mr. West says, succeeded in establishing its rights only after a struggle, and apparently the automobile must do the same.

NEW YORK PRIEST PROMOTED.

he Rev. Edward X. Fink, S. J., to Be President of Gonzaga College. The Rev. Edward X. Fink, S. J., assistant pastor and minister of the Jesuit church of St. Ignatius Loyola, Park avenue and Eightythe Jesuit Provincial, Father Purbrick, to be President of Gonzaga College and rector of St. Aloysius's Church at Washington. Father Fink has been stationed in New York for many years. He was minister at St. Francis Xavier's College in West Sixteenth street for two years A year ago he was transferred to St. Ignatius's. His successor at the latter church is the Rev. W. J. Scanlon, who for six years was rector of Holy Trinity College, Washington

Death Reports From Cuba and Porto Rico WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.-The following death reports from Cuba and Porto Rico were re-

ceived at the War Department to-day: 'Mantanzas-Corporal Frederick G. Baker, Tenth Infantry, died on the 7th of pneumonia Havana-Sergt. Newton Goodwin, I. Becond Artillery, died, 7th, yellow fever."
"San Juan, Porto Rico-Died, Sept. 8, Private

Charles Rick, suicide; Gus Link, Quartermaster employee, stab wound.

Swiss Embezzier Extradited.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9 .- A warrant for the surrender of Wilhelm Muella to the Swiss authorities was issued by the State Department to-day. Muella was arrested in New York on complaint of the Swiss Government and committed for extradition there by United States Commissioner Thomas Alexander Muella is charged with the embezzlement of between 6,000 and 7,000 france public money in the Canton of Zurich.

New Tobacco Company With \$1,000,000

ALBANY. Sept. 9 .- A corporation named "M Stachelberg & Co." was incorporated to-day with the Secretary of State to deal in leaf tobacco, eigars, eigarettes and tobacco in all forms, and to purchase and establish factories and agencies for the manufacture and distribution of tobacco. The capital is \$1,000,000 of which \$200,000 is preferred cumulative 8 per cent. stock. The principal office of the com pany will be in New York city. The directors are: Gerard B. Townsend, Joseph J. Cunning ham, Rudolph Einstein, K. C. Daly, Bernard Naumburg and M. M. Daly, all of 32 Libert street, New York city, and Frank L. Townsend of 120 Broadway, New York city

Bankers' Trust Company.

ALBANY, Sept. 9 - With the State Banking Department have been filed articles of association of the Bankers' Trust Company of New York city, with a capital of \$1,500,000. The proposed directors are D. Craeford Clark, Ben-Jamin N. Duke, Bayard Dominick, Albert E. Goodheart, Herman C. E. Hoskier, Francis H. Largett Almeric H. Paget, William G. Park Gilbert M. Plympton, Henry S. Redmond, William Schall, Jr., John W. Simpson, Clarence H. Wildes and John Walter Wood, Jr., of New York city.

Appointments in the Volunteer Army. WASHINGTON, Sept. 9. - The following ap-

pointments were announced to-day:

From Michigan — To be Captain, John L. Thornburn, late Captain Thirty-ofth Michigan (vice Kalmback, declined, Thirty-mind Michigan (vice Kalmback, To be First Licutenant, Joseph L. Kraemer, late First Licutenant Thirty-ofth Michigan (vice F. W. Cowley, declined), Thirty-eighth.

From Washington — To be Captain, James Ross, late Captain Company A, Washington Volunteers, Forty-ofth.

From Iowa—To be First Licutenant, Roy E. Parkeling Legislant Licutenant, Roy E. Forty-fifth
From lows—To be First Lieutenant, Boy S. Parker,
late Lieutenant Fifty-first lows, Forty-fourth.
From New Jersey—To be Caplain, Terrence E.
Murphy, late Captain Second New Jersey Volunteers,
Forty-sixth.
At large—fo be Second Lieutenants, Wm. R. Howard, late Second Lieutenant Fourth New Jersey Volunteers, Forty-second; Fred, Dingler, late First
Lieutenant First Arkansae Volunteers, Forty-fourth.

School Outfits.

Whatever your Boys and Girls require in Hats, Suits or Shoes, the Children's Store supplies with absolute certainty of

> Correct Style. Perfect Fit, Satisfactory Wear, Lowest Prices.

The amount of business we do in Children's things enables us always to offer such advantages in Variety, Quality and Price, as to make shopping for Children in the general stores, an unnecessary inconvenience.

60-62 West 23d St.

Some yachts for which the Gram-o-phone has recently been ordered:

E. C. Benedict's "Oneida." Elbridge T. Gerry's "Electra." John S. Kennedy's "Ladoza," Colgate Hoyt's "Tide." Chas. R. Flint's "Nada." John Jacob Astor's "Nourmahal."

John D. Crimmins's "Admiral."

Col. O. H. Payne's "Aphrodite."

National Gram o-phone Corp., B'way, cor. 18th St., New York.

Mr. **Manufacturer:**

What does a Horse-Power cost you? Cost can be made much less. Write to-day to the Schlicht Combustion Process Co., 149 Broadway, N. Y., for facts about the new Process used at Fielschmann & Co.'s great yeast works, at the Barber Asphalt Paving Co.'s plant, and at the New York Quinine and Chemical Works, Means a saving,

MARINE INTELLIGENOR.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY. Sun rises.. 5:30 | Sun sets., 6:17 | Moon sets., 8:50, HIGH WATER-THIS DAT. Sandy Hook. 10:82 | Gov.Pd. 11:04 | Hell Gate. 12:57

Arrived-SATURDAY, Sept. 0. Arrived-Saturdar, Sept. 9.
Sa Naw York, Roberta, Southampton.
Sa Umbria, Dutton, Liverpool.
Sa Thingvalla, Lab. Christiansand.
Sa Christiana. Von Schroetter, Stattin.
Sa Pratoria, McKenzie, Guadaloupe.
Sa Chunntin, Susana. Maracabo.
Sa Comancia. Chiohester, Jacksonvilla.
Sa Tjomo, Nielson, Barbados.
Sa Tjomo, Nielson, Barbados.
Sa Queen Olga. Harris, Pekalongan, &c.
Sa Cherokee. McKee, Boston.
Sa Princess Anne. Bosv. Norfolk.
Ship Ebenzer, Schumacher, Santos.

ARRIVED OUT Etruria, from New York, at Queenstown. Friesland, from New York, at Antwerp. British Queen, from New York, at Antwerp. SAULED FROM FOREIGN PORTS.

8s St. Louis, from Southern poor for New York.
Se Furnessia, from Movillefor New York.
Se Lucania, from Liverpool for New York.
Se La Bretagne, from Havre for New York.
Se Taurie, from Liverpool for New York.

OUTGOING STRAMBRIPS. Sail To-day. Mails Close.

Rabat, Havana Sail Tuesday, Sept. 18. KaiserWm.derGr., Bremen 700 A M Servia Liverpool.
Hildur, Curacao
Comanche, Charleston
Algiera, New Orleans
Caribbee, St. Kitts. ... 10 00 A M

Nail Wednesday, Sept. 18 New York Southampton 7 00 A M
Germanic Liverpool 900 A M
Kensington, Antwerp 10 50 A M
Finance Colon 9 50 A M
Segurauca, Havana 100 P M
Trinidad, Bermuda 8 00 A M
San Marcos, Galveston

INCOMING STRAMSHIPS Due To-Day.

Hull. Galveston New Orleans Antwerp. Havre. London. Liverpool. Swanses. Shields an Marcon Algiers... British Empire La Gascogne Menomines ... Kansas City. HWADSCA Due Monday, Sept. 11. Glasgow ... Hamburg New Orleans Fi Monte. Due Tuesday, Kept. 18. London. Newcastle Marengo Kensington Enickerbocker Maasdam New Orleans Antwerp New Orleans Rotterdam Due Wednesday, Sept. 18 Bremen Chesapeake Hath City ureday, Sept. 15. Hemburg Greenock Cardiff

Autwerp Hamburg. Hali Gibraltar. To Paint Portraits of the Massachusets

Due Friday, Sept. 15.

Governors. WORGESTER, Mass., Sept. 9 .- William Willard of Sturbridge has been commissioned to paint the portraits of Massachusetts Governors, from receive \$500 for each picture. The nortraits will be placed in the new section of the State William Endicott to Roger Wolcott. He will